# Circuit Debugging Round-II 



1. What is wrong with this diode?
A. open
B. short
C. nothing
D. not enough data

Diode is in revers biased and hence reflecting the resistance in Megohm. It is normal behavior of a diode, nothing is wrong with Diode. So answer should be [C] nothing.

2. In the given circuit, what type of failure will cause the voltage at point B to equal the voltage at point C?
A. R1 shorts
B. R2 shorts
C. R3 shorts
D. R2 opens

Answer: Option B
The total current in circuit is $\mathrm{i}=28 / 10 \mathrm{kohm}=2.8 \mathrm{ma}$.

From nodal analysis (Vb-Vc)/R2=2.8ma for $\mathrm{Vb}=\mathrm{Vc}$ R2 must be zero.

Hence R2 is short circuited.

3. Which circuit is known as a current-to-voltage converter?
a) (a)
b) (b)
c) (c)
d) (d)

Basic op-amp with feedback resistance itself called current to Voltage converter.

4. Which element dictates the maximum level of source voltage?
a) $V_{Z}$
b) $I_{Z M}$
c) $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}$
d) None of these

For maximum Zener current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{ZM}}$ the drop across RL is high which also related to maximum source voltage.

5. Refer to the given figure. This circuit is a setup for
a)an antilog amplifier.
b)a constant-current source.
c)an instrumentation amplifier.
d)an isolation amplifier.

7. This circuit is an example of an
a)dc voltmeter
b)display driver
c)instrumentation amplifier
d) None of the above

8.Which application best describes this 555 timer Multivibrator circuit?
a) Monostable
b) Astable
c) Bistable
d) Free-running

9.This circuit is a $\qquad$ oscillator.
a)RC phase-shift
b)Wien bridge
c) Colpitts
d) Hartley

10.The gain of the multiple-feedback band-pass filter above is equal to which of the following?

Assume C = C1 = C2 .
a) $A 0=R 2 / R 1$
b) $A 0=R 1 / R 2$
c) $A 0=\mathbf{R 2} / \mathbf{2 R 1}$
d) $A 0=R 1 / 2 R 2$

